
Lab Dept: Coagulation

Test Name: D DIMER

General Information

Lab Order Codes: DDI

Synonyms: D-dimer

CPT Codes: 85379 – Fibrin degradation products, D-dimer; quantitative

Test Includes: Fibrin D-Dimer reported in mg/L FEU.

Logistics

Test Indications: Useful for the detection of deep vein thrombosis, evaluation of disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC), acute myocardial infarction, unstable angina, and following a leukemia patient's chemotherapy.

Lab Testing Sections: Coagulation

Phone Numbers: MIN Lab: 612-813-6280

STP Lab: 651-220-6550

Test Availability: Daily, 24 hours; Minneapolis and St. Paul Laboratories.

Turnaround Time: 2 hours

Special Instructions: None

Specimen

Specimen Type: Whole blood

Container: Light Blue top tube (Buffered Na Citrate 3.2%)

Draw Volume: 1.8 mL blood (in 2 mL tube) or 2.7 mL blood (in a 3 mL tube).

Processed Volume: 0.9 mL plasma

Collection:

- A clean venipuncture is essential, avoid foaming.
- Entire sample must be collected with single collection, pooling of sample is unacceptable.
- Capillary collection is unacceptable.

- Patient's with a hematocrit level >55% must have a special tube made to adjust for the hematocrit; contact lab for a special tube.
- Mix thoroughly by gentle inversion. Deliver immediately to the laboratory at room temperature via courier or pneumatic tube.

Off campus collections:

- Must be tested within 4 hours.
- Do not refrigerate.
- If not received in our lab within 4 hours of collection, sample must be centrifuged and *platelet-poor plasma removed from cells and transferred to an aliquot tube being careful not to disturb the cell layer. Centrifuge the plasma a second time and transfer into a clean aliquot tube being careful not to include any residual platelets on the bottom of the tube. Freeze at -20°C and deliver to the lab on dry ice within 2 weeks.

***Validation of your lab's centrifuge for platelet poor plasma is required.**

Special Processing:

Lab staff: Centrifuge in Stat Spin for 5 minutes or 10 minutes at 3000 rpm at room temperature. For primary tube testing, leave plasma on cells OR remove plasma and place in a 4 mL plastic cup; allow for 100 mL of dead-space.

Test within:

- Four (4) hours when stored in the capped tube above the packed cells 18 to 24°C.
- Four (4) hours as plasma that has been separated from cells by centrifugation when stored 2 to 8°C or 18 to 24°C.
- Two (2) weeks when stored -20°C.
- Six (6) months when stored -70°C (rapidly frozen).
- Plasma must be frozen if testing cannot be completed within four (4) hours.
- Frozen plasmas are thawed at 37°C for three (3) minutes, test immediately.

Patient Preparation:

None

Sample Rejection:

Improper tube; clotted sample; under-filled tube; mislabeled or unlabeled specimens

Interpretive

Reference Range:

A clinical cut-off of 0.5 mg/L FEU when used along with a low clinical pretest probability assessment model has been established to exclude DVT/PE.

Interpretation: Results of D-Dimer should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings. Clinical diagnosis should not be based on the results of D-Dimer alone.

Critical Values:

N/A

Limitations: Elevated D-dimer levels are not specific for the presence of DIC or of deep vein thrombosis. False-positive or false-negative results may occur when attempting to confirm a diagnosis of DIC.

Methodology: Immunospectrometric (optical)

References: Wayne, PA (January 2008). Clinical Laboratory Standards Institute, Collection, Transport and Processing Blood Specimens for Testing Plasma-Based Coagulation Assays: Approved Guideline, 5th Edition, CLSI Publication H21-A5, An Algorithmic Approach to Hemostasis Testing, Kottke-Marchant, CAP Press

Updates: 7/16/2012: Method update. Previously a screening test; Monoclonal Antibodies Attached to Latex Particles
CPT update, previously listed as 85378.
9/15/2014: Added Off Campus collection info.

7/18/23: Updated special processing instructions.